

User's Manual Pub. 0300246-03 Rev. A0

1762 8-Channel Analog Output Module

Catalog Number: 1762sc-OF8

Important Notes

- 1. Please read all the information in this owner's guide before installing the product.
- 2. The information in this owner's guide applies to hardware Series A and firmware version 1.00 or later.
- 3. This guide assumes that the reader has a full working knowledge of the relevant processor.

Notice

The products and services described in this owner's guide are useful in a wide variety of applications. Therefore, the user and others responsible for applying the products and services described herein are responsible for determining their acceptability for each application. While efforts have been made to provide accurate information within this owner's guide, Spectrum Controls, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of the information herein.

Under no circumstances will Spectrum Controls, Inc. be responsible or liable for any damages or losses, including indirect or consequential damages or losses, arising out of either the use of any information within this owner's guide or the use of any product or service referenced herein.

No patent liability is assumed by Spectrum Controls, Inc. with respect to the use of any of the information, products, circuits, programming, or services referenced herein.

The information in this owner's guide is subject to change without notice.

Limited Warranty

Spectrum Controls warrants that its products are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service, as described in Spectrum Controls, Inc. literature covering this product, for a period of 1 year. The obligations of Spectrum Controls, Inc. under this warranty are limited to replacing or repairing, at its option, at its factory or facility, any product which shall, in the applicable period after shipment, be returned to the Spectrum Controls, Inc. facility, transportation charges prepaid, and which after examination is determined, to the satisfaction of Spectrum Controls, Inc., to be thus defective.

This warranty shall not apply to any such equipment which shall have been repaired or altered except by Spectrum Controls, Inc. or which shall have been subject to misuse, neglect, or accident. In no case shall the liability of Spectrum Controls, Inc. exceed the purchase price. The aforementioned provisions do not extend the original warranty period of any product which has either been repaired or replaced by Spectrum Controls, Inc.

Table of Contents

IMPORTANT NOTES	II
CHAPTER 1 MODULE OVERVIEW	1-1
Section 1.1 General Description	1-1
SECTION 1.2 INPUT TYPES AND RANGES	1-1
SECTION 1.3 DATA FORMATS	1-2
Section 1.4 Hardware Features	1-2
1.4.1 LED Indicator	1-3
SECTION 1.5 SYSTEM OVERVIEW	1-3
1.5.1 Module Power-up	1-3
1.5.2 Module Operation	1-4
CHAPTER 2 INSTALLATION AND WIRING	2-1
SECTION 2.1 COMPLIANCE TO EUROPEAN UNION DIRECTIVES	2-1
2.1.1 EMC Directive	2-1
SECTION 2.2 POWER REQUIREMENTS	2-1
SECTION 2.3 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS	2-2
2.3.1 Hazardous Location Considerations	2-2
2.3.2 Prevent Electrostatic Discharge	2-3
2.3.3 Remove Power	2-3
2.3.4 Selecting a Location	
2.3.5 Reducing Noise	2-3
SECTION 2.4 MOUNTING	2-4
2.4.1 Minimum Spacing	2-4
2.4.1 DIN Rail Mounting	2-4
2.4.2 Panel Mounting	2-5
SECTION 2.5 SYSTEM ASSEMBLY	2-6
SECTION 2.6 FIELD WIRING CONNECTIONS	2-6
2.6.1 Wiring Diagram	2-8
2.6.2 Wiring the Finger-Safe Terminal Block	2-8
2.6.3 Terminal Door Label	2-9
Section 2.7 Module Indicators	2-10
CHAPTER 3 CONFIGURING THE 1762SC-OF8 USING RSLOGIX 500	3-1
SECTION 3.1 THINGS YOU SHOULD KNOW	3-1
SECTION 3.2 MODULE MEMORY MAP	3-1
Section 3.3 Add Module to Logix 500	3-2
Section 3.4 Module Configuration	3-3
3.4.1 Output Data File (Command Mode)	3-4
3.4.2 Output Data File (Normal Run Mode)	3-8
SECTION 3.5 MODULE STATUS	
3.5.1 Input Data File (Command Mode)	3-8
3.5.2 Input Data File (Normal Run Mode)	3-10
Section 3.6 Configuration Ladder Sample	
APPENDIX A MODULE SPECIFICATIONS	A-1

Preface

Read this preface to familiarize yourself with the rest of the manual. This preface covers the following topics:

- Who should use this manual
- How to use this manual
- Related documentation
- Technical support
- Documentation
- Conventions used in this manual

Who Should Use This Manual

Use this manual if you are responsible for designing, installing, programming, or troubleshooting control systems that use Allen-Bradley I/O and/or compatible controllers, such as MicroLogix 1100 or 1200.

How to Use This Manual

As much as possible, we organized this manual to explain, in a task-by-task manner, how to install, configure, program, operate, and troubleshoot a control system using the 1762sc-OF8.

Related

Documentation

The table below provides a listing of publications that contain important information about Allen-Bradley PLC systems.

Document Title	Document Number
MicroLogix TM 1200 User Manual	1762-UM001
MicroLogix TM 1200 Technical Data	1762-TD001
MicroLogix 1200 and MicroLogix 1500 Programmable Controllers Instruction Set Reference Manual	1762-RM001
Allen-Bradley Programmable Controller Grounding and Wiring Guidelines	1770-4.1

Technical Support

For technical support, please contact your local Rockwell Automation TechConnect Office for all Spectrum products. Contact numbers are as follows:

USA 1-440-646-6900 (US/global, English only
United Kingdom +44 0 1908 635 230 (EU phone, UK local)

 Australia, China, India, 1-800-722-778 or +61 39757 1502 and other East Asia

locations:

Mexico 001-888-365-8677

• Brazil 55-11-5189-9500 (general support)

• Europe +49-211-41553-630 (Germany/general support)

or send an email to support@spectrumcontrols.com

User's Manual Pub. 0300246-03 Rev. A0

Documentation

If you would like a manual, you can download a free electronic version from the Internet at www.spectrumcontrols.com.

Conventions Used in This Manual

The following conventions are used throughout this manual:

- Bulleted lists (like this one) provide information, not procedural steps.
- Numbered lists provide sequential steps or hierarchical information.
- *Italic* type is used for emphasis.
- **Bold** type identifies headings and sub-headings:

WARNING



Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. These messages help you to identify a hazard, avoid a hazard, and recognize the consequences.

•

ATTENTION



Actions ou situations risquant d'entraîner des blessures pouvant être mortelles, des dégâts matériels ou des pertes financières. Les messages « Attention » vous aident à identifier un danger, à éviter ce danger et en discerner les conséquences.

•

NOTE



Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

Chapter 1 Module Overview

This chapter describes the 1762sc-OF8 output module. The module provides 8 analog output channels that can be configured for current or voltage. Included is information about:

- General description
- Input types and ranges
- Data formats and filter frequencies
- Hardware features
- System overview and module operation

Section 1.1 General Description

The output module supports current and voltage type outputs. The module converts the digital value stored in each channel's output command word to an analog current or voltage signal. Each output channel is individually configured via software for a specific output type, data format, and provides open-circuit or short-circuit detection and indication.

Section 1.2 Input Types and Ranges

The tables below list the output types and their associated ranges.

Voltage Selection	Range (VDC)
-10 V to +10 V	-11.0 to +11.0
0 to +5 V	0.0 to +5.5
0 to +10 V	0.0 to +11.0
1 to +5 V	0.0 to +5.5

Current Selection	Range (mA)
0 to 20 mA	0 to 20.4
4 to 20 mA	3.92 to 20.4

Section 1.3 Data Formats

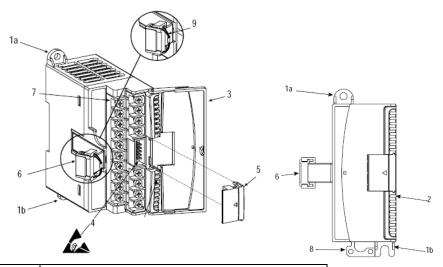
For each module, the data can be configured for:

- Engineering units
- Scaled-for-PID
- Raw/proportional data
- Percent of full range

Section 1.4 Hardware Features

Module configuration is done via the controller's programming software. The module configuration is stored in the memory of the controller. Refer to your controller's user manual for more information. The illustration below shows the module's hardware features.

Figure 1-1. Hardware Features



Item	Description
1a	Upper panel mounting tab
1b	Lower panel mounting tab
2	Power diagnostic LED
3	Module door with terminal identification label
4	Bus connector (male)
5	Bus connector cover
6	Flat ribbon cable with bus connector (female)
7	Terminal block
8	DIN rail latch
9	Pull loop

1.4.1 LED Indicator

The 1762 output module uses a single green LED to show operational status of the module. The LED will illuminate solid when the PLC is in run mode and the module properly configured. If the module is not properly configured, or if the PLC is not in run mode, the LED will blink rapidly. The following blink codes are the only exception:

Table 1-1. LED Blink Codes

Blink Code	Description
Rapid Blink ¹	PLC not in run mode, or no valid module configuration present
Solid	Module is in run mode (Normal Operation)
3	Factory calibration in progress
4	Factory calibration invalid
5	Module is in command mode

Section 1.5 System Overview

The module communicates to the controller through the bus interface. The module also receives 5 VDC and 24 VDC power through the bus interface.

1.5.1 Module Power-up

At power-up, the module performs a check of its internal circuits, memory, and basic functions. During this time, the module status LED remains off. If no faults are found during power-up diagnostics, the module status LED blinks rapidly waiting for command mode.

After power-up checks are complete, the module waits for command mode and then valid channel configuration data. If an invalid configuration is detected, the module generates a configuration error and remains in command mode. Once the module is properly configured and enabled, it continuously converts the output command value to a proportional analog output signal.

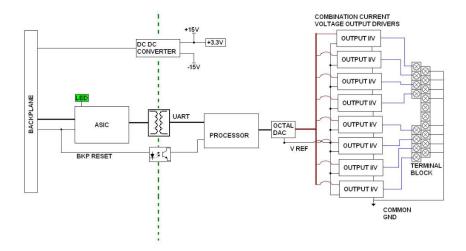
Each time a channel command value is read by the output module, that data value is tested by the module for an over-range or under-range condition. If such a condition is detected, a unique bit is set in the channel status word. The channel status word is described in section 0 Input Data File.

Using the module image table, the controller reads the two's complement binary converted input data from the module. This typically occurs at the end of the program scan or when commanded by the control program. If the controller and the module determine that the data transfer has been made without error, the data is used in the control program.

¹ All outputs are disabled until the PLC goes into run mode, and the module receives a valid configuration.

1.5.2 Module Operation

When the module receives a new command value from the output image, the module's circuitry converts the digital value to an analog current/voltage signal using a DAC (Digital to Analog Converter). See the block diagram below.



Chapter 2 Installation and Wiring

This chapter will cover:

- Compliance to European union directives
- Power requirements
- General considerations
- Mounting
- Field wiring connections
- Module Indicators

Section 2.1 Compliance to European Union Directives

This product is approved for installation within the European Union and EEA regions. It has been designed and tested to meet the following directives.

2.1.1 EMC Directive

The 1762sc-OF8 module is tested to meet Council Directive 89/336/EEC Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) and the following standards, in whole or in part, documented in a technical construction file:

- IEC 61000-6-4 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)—Part 6-4: Generic standards—Emission standard for industrial environments
- IEC 61000-6-2 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)—Part 6-2: Generic standards—Immunity for industrial environments

UKCA Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016

• BS EN 61131-2, BS EN 61000-6-4, BS EN 61000-6-2

This product is intended for use in an industrial environment.

Section 2.2 Power Requirements

The module receives power through the bus interface from the +5 VDC/+24 VDC system power supply. The maximum current drawn by the module is shown in the table below.

5 VDC	24 VDC
30 mA	250 mA at 18.7 V, 195 mA at 24 V

Use the table below to determine the maximum number of OF8 modules that can be installed in a MicroLogix system.

Controller	Max 5 V Bus Current mA)	Max 24 V Bus Current (mA)	Max # of OF8 Modules
ML1100	800	700	3
ML1200 (24 pt.)	400	350	1
ML1200 (40 pt.)	600	500	2
ML1400 (All)	1500	1500	6

Table 2-1. Maximum Number of Modules Per Controller

Section 2.3 General Considerations

1762 I/O is suitable for use in an industrial environment when installed in accordance with these instructions. Specifically, this equipment is intended for use in clean, dry environments Pollution degree 2² and to circuits not exceeding Over Voltage Category II³(IEC 60664-1)⁴.

2.3.1 Hazardous Location Considerations

This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D or non-hazardous locations only. The following WARNING statement applies to use in hazardous locations.

WARNING



EXPLOSION HAZARD

- Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2. Touch a grounded object to discharge static potential.
- Do not replace components or disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.
 Touch a grounded object to discharge static potential.
- This product must be installed in an enclosure. Touch a grounded object to discharge static potential.
- All wiring must comply with N.E.C. article 501-4(b). Touch a grounded object to discharge static potential.

² Pollution Degree 2 is an environment where, normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs except that occasionally a temporary conductivity caused by condensation shall be expected.

³ Over Voltage Category II is the load level section of the electrical distribution system. At this level transient voltages are controlled, and do not exceed the impulse voltage capability of the product's insulation.

⁴ Pollution Degree 2 and Over Voltage Category II are International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) designations.

2.3.2 Prevent Electrostatic Discharge

WARNING



Electrostatic discharge can damage integrated circuits or semiconductors if you touch analog I/O module bus connector pins or the terminal block on the module. Follow these guidelines when you handle the module:

- Touch a grounded object to discharge static potential.
- Wear an approved wrist-strap grounding device.
- Do not touch connectors or pins on component boards.
- Do not touch circuit components inside the module.
- If available, use a static-safe work station.
- When not in use, keep the module in its static-shield box.

2.3.3 Remove Power

WARNING



Remove power before removing or inserting this module. When you remove, or insert, a module with power applied, an electrical arc may occur. An electrical arc can cause personal injury or property damage by:

- Sending an erroneous signal to your system's field devices, causing unintended machine motion.
- Causing an explosion in a hazardous environment.
- Electric arcing causes excessive wear to contacts on both the module and its mating connector and may lead to premature failure.

2.3.4 Selecting a Location

2.3.5 Reducing Noise

Most applications require installation in an industrial enclosure to reduce the effects of electrical interference. Analog inputs are highly susceptible to electrical noise. Electrical noise coupled to the analog inputs will reduce the performance (accuracy) of the module. Group your modules to minimize adverse effects from radiated electrical noise and heat. Consider the following conditions when selecting a location for the analog module. Position the module:

- Away from sources of electrical noise such as hard-contact switches, relays, and AC motor drives.
- Away from modules which generate significant radiated heat. Refer to the module's heat dissipation specification.

In addition, route shielded, twisted-pair analog input wiring away from any high voltage I/O wiring.

Section 2.4 Mounting

WARNING

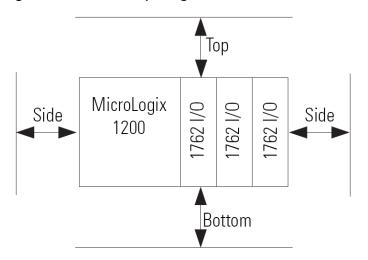


Do not remove protective debris strip until after the module and all other equipment near the module is mounted and wiring is complete. Once wiring is complete, and the module is free of debris, carefully remove protective debris strip. Failure to remove strip before operating can cause overheating.

2.4.1 Minimum Spacing

Maintain spacing from enclosure walls, wireways, adjacent equipment, etc. Allow 50.8 mm (2 in.) of space on all sides for adequate ventilation, as shown:

Figure 2-1. Minimum Spacing



NOTE

1762 expansion I/O may only be mounted horizontally.



WARNING



During panel or DIN rail mounting of all devices, be sure that all debris (metal chips, wire strands, etc.) is kept from falling into the module. Debris that falls into the module could cause damage when power is applied to the module.

2.4.2 DIN Rail Mounting

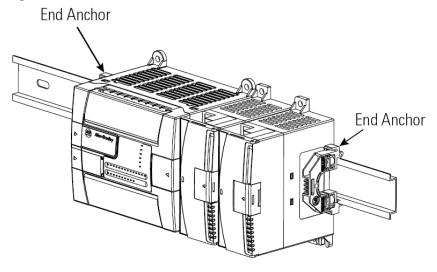
The module can be mounted using the following DIN rails: 35×7.5 mm (EN 50 022 - 35×7.5) or 35×15 mm (EN 50 022 - 35×15).

Before mounting the module on a DIN rail, close the DIN rail latch. Press the DIN rail mounting area of the module against the DIN rail. The latch will momentarily open and lock into place.

Use DIN rail end anchors (Allen-Bradley part number 1492-EA35 or 1492-

EAH35) for environments with vibration or shock concerns.

Figure 2-2. End Anchor Placement



NOTE

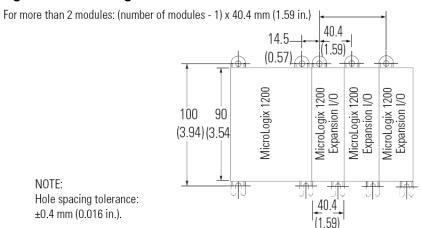


For environments with extreme vibration and shock concerns, use the panel mounting method described below, instead of DIN rail mounting.

2.4.3 Panel Mounting

Use the dimensional template shown below to mount the module. The preferred mounting method is to use two M4 or #8 Pan Head screws per module. M3.5 or #6 Pan Head screws may also be used, but a washer may be needed to ensure a good ground contact. Mounting screws are required on every module.

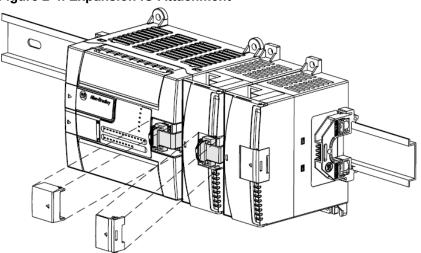
Figure 2-3. Mounting Dimensions



Section 2.5 System Assembly

The expansion I/O module is attached to the controller or another I/O module by means of a ribbon cable *after* mounting as shown below.

Figure 2-4. Expansion IO Attachment



NOTE



Use the pull loop on the connector to disconnect modules. Do not pull on the ribbon cable.

WARNING



EXPLOSION HAZARD

- In Class I, Division 2 applications, the bus connector must be fully seated, and the bus connector cover must be snapped in place.
- In Class I, Division 2 applications, all modules must be mounted in direct contact with each other as shown in the graphic. If DIN rail mounting is used, an end stop must be installed ahead of the controller, and after the last 1762 I/O module.

Section 2.6 Field Wiring Connections

Consider the following when wiring your system:

General

- Power and output wiring must be in accordance with Class 1, Division 2 wiring methods, Article 501-4(b) of the National Electric Code, NFPA 70, and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.
- The analog common (COM) is not connected to earth ground inside the module. All terminals are electrically isolated from the system.

- To ensure optimum accuracy for voltage type outputs, limit overall cable impedance by keeping all analog cables as short as possible. Locate the I/O system as close to your voltage type sensors or actuators as possible.
- Digital and analog power must be supplied by an Isolated Secondary Limited Energy Low Voltage source.
- Use BeldenTM 8761, or equivalent, shielded wire.

WARNING



USE SUPPLY WIRES SUITABLE FOR 20 °C ABOVE SURROUNDING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

WARNING



UTILISER DES FILS D'ALIMENTATION QUI CONVIENNENT A UNE TEMPERATURE DE 20 °C AU-DESSUS DE LA TEMPERATURE AMBIANTE.

Grounding

- This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface such as a metal panel. Additional grounding connections from the module's mounting tabs or DIN rail (if used) are not required unless the mounting surface cannot be grounded.
- Under normal conditions, the drain wire (shield) should be connected to the metal mounting panel (earth ground). Keep shield connection to earth ground as short as possible.
- Ground the shield drain wire at one end only. The typical location is at the module end.
- If it is necessary to connect the shield drain wire at the module end, connect it to earth ground using a panel or DIN rail mounting screw.
- Refer to Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, Allen-Bradley publication 1770-4.1, for additional information.

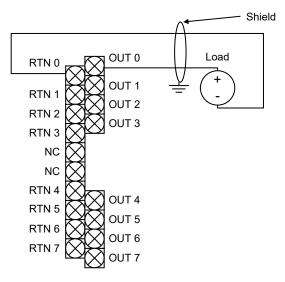
Noise Prevention

- Route field wiring away from any other wiring and as far as possible from sources of electrical noise, such as motors, transformers, contactors, and ac devices. As a general rule, allow at least 15.2 cm (6 in.) of separation for every 120 V of power.
- Routing field wiring in a grounded conduit can reduce electrical noise.
- If field wiring must cross ac or power cables, ensure that they cross at right angles.
- If noise persists for a device, try grounding the opposite end of the cable shield or ground both ends of the shield.

2.6.1 Wiring Diagram

Refer to the following wiring diagrams for field wiring connections.

Figure 2-5. Wiring Diagram



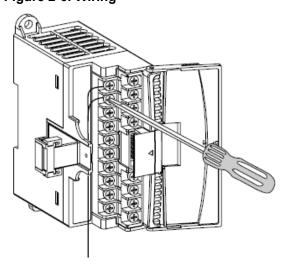
WARNING



All return terminals are electrically tied together, but each output should use its own associated return terminal for best accuracy.

2.6.2 Wiring the Finger-Safe Terminal Block

Figure 2-6. Wiring



WARNING



Be careful when stripping wires. Wire fragments that fall into a module could cause damage when power is applied. Once wiring is complete, ensure the module is free of all metal fragments.

When wiring the terminal block, keep the finger-safe cover in place.

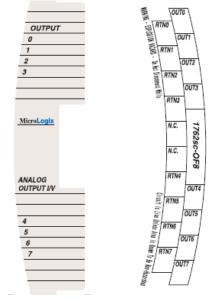
- 1. Refer to section 2.6.1 for proper field wiring connections.
- 2. Route the wire under the terminal pressure plate. You can use the stripped end of the wire or a spade lug. The terminals will accept a 6.35 mm (0.25 in.) spade lug. See Figure 2-6.
- 3. Tighten the terminal screw making sure the pressure plate secures the wire. Recommended torque when tightening terminal screws is 0.904 Nm (8 in-lbs).
- 4. After wiring is complete, remove the debris shield.

2.6.3 Terminal Door Label

A removable, write-on label is provided with the module. Remove the label from the door, mark your unique identification of each terminal with permanent ink, and slide the label back into the door. Your markings (ID tag) will be visible when the module door is closed.

See figure below.

Figure 2-7. Door Label



Section 2.7 Module Indicators

The 1762 output module uses a single green LED to show operational status of the module. The LED will illuminate solid when the PLC is in run mode and the module properly configured. If the module is not properly configured, or if the PLC is not in run mode, the LED will blink rapidly. The following blink codes are the only exception:

Table 2-2. LED Blink Codes

Blink Code	Description
Rapid Blink ⁵	PLC not in run mode, or no valid module configuration present
Solid	Module is in run mode (Normal Operation)
3	Factory calibration in progress
4	Factory calibration invalid
5	Module is in command mode

User's Manual Pub. 0300246-03 Rev. A0

⁵ All outputs are disabled until the PLC goes into run mode, and the module receives a valid configuration.

Chapter 3 Configuring the 1762sc-OF8 Using RSLogix 500

This chapter covers the following subjects:

- Things you should know
- Module memory map
- Add module to Logix 500
- Module configuration
- Module status
- Configuration Ladder Sample

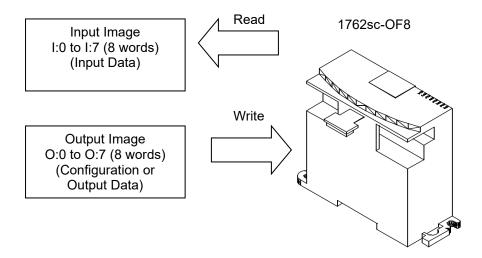
Section 3.1 Things You Should Know

This chapter describes how to configure the OF8 module for the MicroLogix 1100, 1200, and 1400 system using RSLogix 500 programming software.

Section 3.2 Module Memory Map

The module uses 8 input words and 8 output words for input data and configuration. The following figure describes the data mapping for the module.

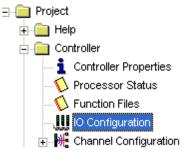
Figure 3-1. Module Memory Map



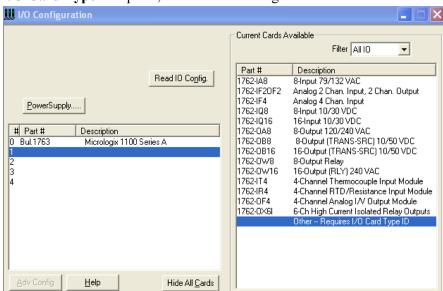
Section 3.3 Add Module to Logix 500

The following procedure describes how to add the OF8 module to the RSLogix 500 programming software.

- 1. Create a new RSLogix 500 project and select either a Micro 1100, 1200, or 1400 processor.
- 2. Double-click I/O Configuration from the project tree.



3. Select the first empty slot and then double-click the **Other—Requires** I/O Card Type ID option, from the I/O configuration screen.



Vendor ID: 58

Product Type: 10

Product Code: 21

Series/Major Rev/MinorRev: A

Input Words: 8

Output Words: 8

Output Bits: 0

Extra Data Length: 0

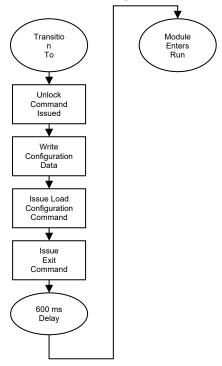
Ignore Configuration Error: □

4. Enter the module profile data as shown in the figure below and click **OK**.

5. Repeat steps 1 through 4 for additional modules.

Section 3.4 Module Configuration

The OF8 module is configured using a process that employs the input and output files. The following flow chart describes the configuration process.



WARNING



Each command issued will have a corresponding module response in the input data file. See Section 3.5.1 for more information.

WARNING



For proper operation, during the 600 ms delay, the output words should be set to the correct command values to avoid sending erroneous analog signals.

3.4.1 Output Data File (Command Mode)

The output data file is used to configure each channel for the OF8 as well as control the output signal of each channel. Use the addressing scheme below to locate the 8 output words needed to configure the module.

Figure 3-2. Output Addressing Scheme



1. I/O located on the controller (embedded I/O) is slot 0. I/O added to the controller (expansion I/O) begins with slot 1.

The module enters a special mode called Command Mode when the PLC transitions from Program mode to Run mode. When the module enters Command Mode, the output file is used to send commands to the module and the module responds via the input data file. The table below shows the layout for each output word during both modes of operation. See Table 3-6 for command mode response data.

Output File Normal Run Mode **Command Mode** Output Word O:e.0 Channel 0 Data Word Command Channel 1 Data Word Data Word 1 (Ch0 & 1)6 O:e.1 O:e.2 Channel 2 Data Word Data Word 2 (Ch2 & 3)⁶ O:e.3 Channel 3 Data Word Data Word 3 (Ch4 & 5)⁶ O:e.4 Channel 4 Data Word Data Word 4 (Ch6 & 7)⁶ Fixed Word 1 (0×CDEF) O:e.5 Channel 5 Data Word O:e.6 Channel 6 Data Word Fixed Word 2 (0×FEDC) O:e.7 Channel 7 Data Word Fixed Word 3 $(0 \times 5A5A)$

Table 3-1. Normal Mode/Command Mode

Once the module detects the transition from Program to Run it waits until the Fixed Words and Command code are set to valid values. The first command must be Unlock. If an error is detected, a non-zero response will be placed in the Response Code (see Input Data File table).

Keep in mind the module is constantly polling the output file as it is updated by the controller. The module will validate each command using the following three step process:

1. Validate Fixed Words 1-3:

These words must always be valid during Command Mode. An error will be posted in the Response Code until these are correct. Commands will not be validated and processed until these words are set correctly. The fixed words are posted above in Table 3-1.

2. Validate Command:

If the Fixed Words are valid, the Command word will be checked. If it is not set to a valid command, an error will be reported. Initially the module only checks for the Unlock command. After the Unlock command is detected, the module must detect a transition in the Command word to trigger a new command. The available commands are listed in the table below.

⁶ See Table 3-3. Data Words 1 through 4

Table 3-2. Commands

Command	Value Description						
Unlock	0×FFF0	This MUST be the first command issued after entering Command Mode. If not, an error will be posted. Data Words are ignored when the module enters command mode. The module does not need to detect a command transition to Unlock. It simply waits for the Fixed Words to be valid and Unlock command set. This command is ignored if issued multiple times					
		(Response Code will be 0). Once Command Mode is unlocked it remains unlocked until it has been successfully configured and the Exit command issued.					
Clear Command	0×FF00	Clears the command buffer to allow a command to be re-issued. Since the module only knows a command is issued when the Command word changes, the only way to re-issue a command is to cause a transition. This command gives the user a null command to do that. The response is always 0. No other action is taken with this command.					
Load Config	0×FFF1	Data Words 1-4 must contain valid channel configuration data for all channels. See Data Words table below. Configuration will be validated. An error will be posted for the first invalid channel configuration found. If the configuration is invalid, the configuration info in the Data Words may be modified but to re-issue the Load Config, the Clear Command must be issued first.					
Exit	0×FF80	Delay 600 ms and then enter run state with configuration. The delay begins after the response. If configuration is not valid, the module will remain in Command Mode until a valid configuration is entered.					

1. *Data Words 1-4*:

If the command requires valid data in the Data Words, they are validated and a response is placed in the Response Code register (i.e. Word I:e.1). See section 3.5.1 for a description of each response code.

The following table lists the possible configuration settings for each of the 8 channels. Each Data Word contains two channel configurations. See Table 3-1 for Data Word layout.

Table 3-3. Data Words 1 through 4

To Select		Cha	Channels 1, 3, 5, or 7						Channels 0, 2,4 or 6								
		15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	4 to 20 mA						0	0	0						0	0	0
	0 to 20 mA						0	0	1						0	0	1
	-10 to 10 V						0	1	0						0	1	0
Output	0 to 10 V						0	1	1						0	1	1
Type	1 to 5 V						1	0	0						1	0	0
	0 to 5 V						1	0	1						1	0	1
	Reserved						1	1	0						1	1	0
	Channel Disabled						1	1	1						1	1	1
	Scaled for PID				0	0							0	0			
Data	Engineering Units				0	1							0	1			
Data Format	Percent Range				1	0							1	0			
	Raw/Proportional Data				1	1							1	1			
Unused		0	0	0						0	0	0					

Table 3-4. Data Format

Output Range	Output Value	Condition	Raw/Prop	EU	PID	% FS
420 mA	20.40 mA	High Limit	32767	20400	16793	10250
	20.00 mA	High Range	31176	20000	16383	10000
	4.00 mA	Low Range	-32450	4000	0	0
	3.92 mA	Low Limit	-32768	3920	-82	-50
020 mA	20.40 mA	High Limit	32767	20400	16711	10200
	20.00 mA	High Range	31482	20000	16383	10000
	0.00 mA	Low Limit/Range	-32768	0	0	0
+/-10 V	11.00 VDC	High Limit	32767	11000	17202	11000
	10.00 VDC	High Range	29788	10000	16383	10000
	-10.00 VDC	Low Range	-29788	-10000	0	-10000
	-11.00 VDC	Low Limit -32768 -1100		-11000	-819	-11000
0 to 5 V	5.50 VDC	High Limit	32767	5500	18021	11000
	5.00 VDC	High Range	26809	5000	16383	10000
	0.00 VDC	Low Range	-32768	0	0	0
	0.00 VDC	Low Limit	-32768	0	0	0
0 to 10 V	11.00 VDC	High Limit	32767	11000	18021	11000
	10.00 VDC	High Range	26809	10000	16383	10000

Output Range	Output Value	Condition	Raw/Prop	EU	PID	% FS
	0.00 VDC	Low Range	-32768	0	0	0
	0.00 VDC	Low Limit	-32768	32768 0		0
1 to 5V	5.50 VDC	High Limit	32767	5500	18431	11250
	5.00 VDC	High Range	26809	5000	16383	10000
	1.00 VDC	Low Range	-20853	1000	0	0
	0.00 VDC Low Limit		-32768	000	-4096	-2500

3.4.2 Output Data File (Normal Run Mode)

The output data file is used to configure each channel for the OF8 as well as control the output signal of each channel. Use the addressing scheme shown in Figure 3-2 above.

In normal run mode, output words 0 through 7 control the analog output signal for channels 0 through 7 respectively. See Table 3-1 above.

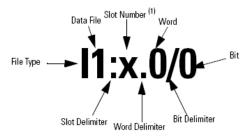
Section 3.5 Module Status

Input data for the OF8 consists of status information, channel configuration information and module configuration status.

3.5.1 Input Data File (Command Mode)

In command mode, the input data file returns module configuration status used during the configuration process. Refer to section 3.4.1 for more information regarding command mode. Use the addressing scheme below to locate the 8 input words.

Figure 3-3. Input Addressing Scheme



1. I/O located on the controller (embedded I/O) is slot 0. I/O added to the controller (expansion I/O) begins with slot 1.

The layout for the input data file is shown below.

Table 3-5. Input Data File

Input Word	Normal Run Mode	Command Mode		
I:e.0	General Status Word 0	Command Echo		
I:e.1	Output Status Word 1 (Ch 0-3)	Response Code		
I:e.2	Output Status Word 2 (Ch 4-7)	Response Channel		
I:e.3	Echo Config (Ch 0-1)			
I:e.4	Echo Config (Ch 2-3)			
I:e.5	Echo Config (Ch 4-5)			
I:e.6	Echo Config (Ch 6-7)			
I:e.7	Not Used			

The following table describes each of the input data words when in command mode.

Table 3-6. Input Words - Command Mode

Word	Description				
Command Echo (Word 0)	Matches Command Word 0 (that is, O:e.0). When this word matches the Command Word, it indicates the command is complete. The Response Code is now valid.				
Response Code (Word 1)	Non-zero is an error (see Response Codes). This is valid only when Command Echo matches Command Word.				
Response Channel (Word 2)	If Response Code error, indicates which channel. Only applies to commands that involve channels.				
Echo of Data (Word 1)	Chan 1 Config	Chan 0 Config			
Echo of Data (Word 2)	Chan 3 Config	Chan 2 Config			
Echo of Data (Word 3)	Chan 5 Config	Chan 4 Config			
Echo of Data (Word 4)	Chan 7 Config	Chan 6 Config			
Not Used (Word 7)					

Table 3-7. Response Codes

Name	Value	Description
Success	0×0000	The command was completed successfully.
Invalid Command	0×F001	An invalid command code was issued.
Locked	0×F002	A command was issued before the Unlock was given.
Invalid State	0×F003	One or more Fixed Words invalid. The module will remain in its previous state until all of the words are set correctly.
Invalid Config	0×F004	A configuration for one of the channels is invalid. Check Response Channel to determine which one. First error detected is displayed.
No Config	0×F005	An attempt was made to exit Command Mode before a configuration was loaded. Either load the default config or manually enter a configuration for all channels.
Invalid Cal	0×F006	Calibration is invalid. Module requires factory calibration before it can be configured.

NOTE



Response codes are not to be considered valid until the Command Echo matches the issued command.

NOTE



Response codes will remain valid after the Exit command until the timeout expires. After that, normal Input File operation takes over. Words 0-2 are status.

3.5.2 Input Data File (Normal Run Mode)

In normal run mode, the input data file displays general module status, channel status, and an echo of each channel configuration.

Use the addressing scheme in Figure 3-3 to locate the 8 input words.

Word	Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
General Status (Word 0)	I:e.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S7	S6	S5	S4	S3	S2	S1	S0
Output Status (Word 1)	I:e.1	-	LD3	U3	О3	-	LD2	U2	O2	- 1	LD1	U1	O1	-	LD0	U0	O0
Output Status (Word 2)	I:e.2	-	LD7	U7	О7	-	LD6	U6	O6	-	LD5	U5	О5	-	LD4	U4	O4
Echo Config (Word 3)	<ch< td=""><td colspan="6"><ch 1="" config="">⁷</ch></td><td colspan="7"><ch 0="" config="">7</ch></td></ch<>	<ch 1="" config="">⁷</ch>						<ch 0="" config="">7</ch>									
Echo Config (Word 4)	<ch :<="" td=""><td colspan="6"><ch 3="" config="">⁷</ch></td><td></td><td colspan="6"><ch 2="" config="">⁷</ch></td></ch>	<ch 3="" config="">⁷</ch>							<ch 2="" config="">⁷</ch>								
Echo Config (Word 5)	<ch :<="" td=""><td colspan="5"><ch 5="" config="">⁷</ch></td><td colspan="6"><ch 4="" config="">⁷</ch></td></ch>	<ch 5="" config="">⁷</ch>					<ch 4="" config="">⁷</ch>										
Echo Config (Word 6)	<ch '<="" td=""><td colspan="5"><ch 7="" config="">7</ch></td><td colspan="5"><ch 6="" config="">⁷</ch></td><td></td></ch>	<ch 7="" config="">7</ch>					<ch 6="" config="">⁷</ch>										
Not Used (Word 7)	0x0000																

Table 3-8. Input Words - Normal Run Mode

= Not used. Bit set to 0.

S < x > = General status bit.

If a bit is set (1) then there is an error associated with that channel (i.e. under/over range).

When set to 1, indicates the output word value set by the user is below the defined Low Range value (see Output Data Format table). The channel will output voltage or current (depending on the range type) to the Low Limit value.

O < x > = Over range flag.

When set to 1, indicates the output word value set by the user is above the defined High Range value (see Output Data Format table). The channel will output voltage or current (depending on the range type) up to the High Limit value.

LD < x > = Load Error. If the channel is configured for voltage mode, this bit indicates a short circuit. If the channel is configured for current mode, open circuit is indicated. The error bit is cleared (0) at the time the condition is cleared.

Section 3.6 Configuration Ladder Sample

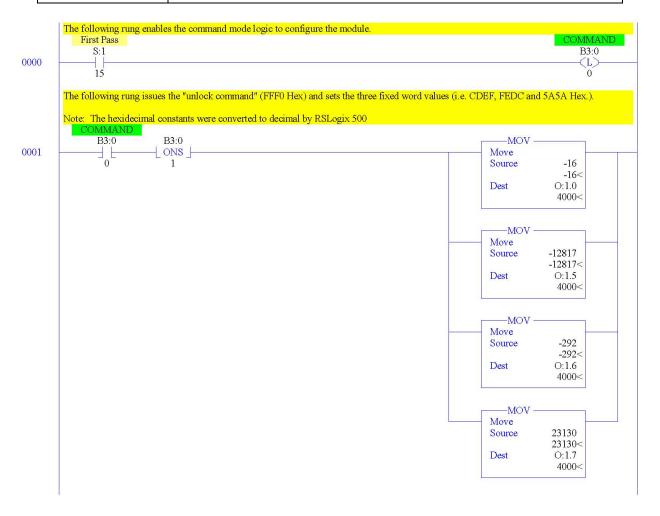
The following ladder sample demonstrates how to configure the module when the PLC transitions from Program to Run, using the process described in Section 3.4.

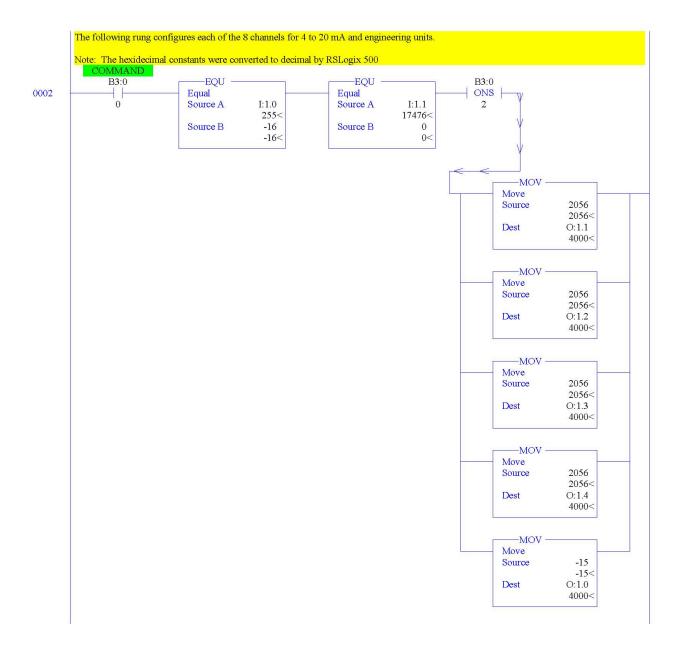
⁷ See Table 3-3. Data Words 1 through 4

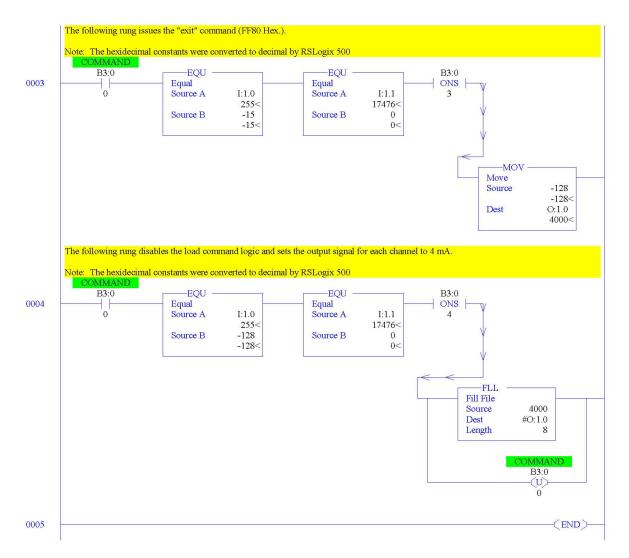
WARNING



Use the "Command" bit (B3:0/0) in the following ladder sample as a condition before any instruction that writes data to one of the 8 module output words. Failure to do so can result in the module rejecting the configuration and not going into run mode (i.e. a rapid blinking module status LED).







Getting Technical Assistance

Note that your module contains electronic components which are susceptible to damage from electrostatic discharge (ESD). An electrostatic charge can accumulate on the surface of ordinary plastic wrapping or cushioning material. In the unlikely event that the module should need to be returned to Spectrum Controls, Inc., please ensure that the unit is enclosed in approved ESD packaging (such as static-shielding / metalized bag or black conductive container). Spectrum Controls, Inc. reserves the right to void the warranty on any unit that is improperly packaged for shipment.

RMA (Return Merchandise Authorization) form required for all product returns. For further information or assistance, please contact your local distributor, or call the Spectrum Controls Technical Support at:

USA - 425-746-9481

Declaration of Conformity

Available upon request

Appendix A Module Specifications

General Specifications

Specification	Value						
Dimensions	90 mm (height) × 87 mm (depth) × 40 mm (width) height including mounting tabs is 110 mm 3.54 in. (height) × 3.43 in. (depth) × 1.58 in. (width) height including mounting tabs is 4.33 in.						
Approximate Shipping Weight (with carton)	279 g (0.615 lbs.)	279 g (0.615 lbs.)					
Storage Temperature	-40 °C to +85 °C	(-40 °F to +	185 °F)				
Operating Temperature	-20 °C to +60 °C	(-4 °F to +1	40 °F)				
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% non-co	ondensing					
Operating Altitude	2000 meters (656	l feet)					
Vibration	Operating: 10 to 5 peak	500 Hz, 5 G	, 0.030 in. ma	x. peak-to-			
Shock	Operating: 30 G						
Bus Current Draw (max.)	30 mA at 5 VDC Max 250 at 18.7 V, 195 mA at 24 V						
Heat Dissipation	4.9 W Total Max						
	Distance rating of 6. Maximum number of modules by controller type:						
Maximum number of modules on the bus	Controller	Max 5 V Bus Current	Max 24 V Bus Current	Max # of Modules			
bus	ML1100	800	700	3			
	ML1200 (24 pt.)	400	350	1			
	ML1200 (40 pt.)	600	500	2			
	ML1400	1500	1500	6			
Fusing	None						
Wire Size	Up to two wires of size #14-#22 AWG (solid) or #16- #22 AWG (stranded)						
Wire Type	To ensure proper operation and high immunity to electrical noise, always use Belden 8761 (shielded, twisted pair) or equivalent wire for voltage and current sensors						

Specification	Value
Isolation	
Channel to Rack	707 VDC for 1 minute (withstand voltage)
Channel to Channel	Return lines are connected together. No isolation between channels.
Module Power LED	On: indicates power is applied and module not faulted. See Section 1.4.1 for more information.
Vendor I.D.	58
Product Type	10
Product Code	21
Agency Certification	C-UL listed (under CSA C22.2 No. 142) UL 508 listed CE compliant for all applicable directives
Hazardous Environment Class	Class I, Division 2, Hazardous Location, Groups A, B, C, D (ISA 12.12.01, C-UL under CSA C22.2 No. 213) Operating Temperature Code T6
Radiated and Conducted Emissions	EN61131-2
Electrical /EMC:	The module has passed testing at the following levels:
ESD Immunity (IEC61000-4-2)	4 kV contact, 8 kV air, 4 kV indirect
Radiated Immunity (IEC61000-4-3)	10 V/m, 80 to 1000 MHz, 80% amplitude modulation, +900 MHz keyed carrier
Fast Transient Burst (IEC61000-4-4)	2 kV, 5 kHz
Surge Immunity (IEC61000-4-5)	1 kV galvanic gun
Conducted Immunity (IEC61000-4-6)	10 V, 0.15 to 80 MHz ⁸

Regulatory

UKCA

• BS EN 61131-2, BS EN 61000-6-4, BS EN 61000-6-2

CMIM

Arrêté ministériel n° 6404-15 du 29 ramadan 1436 (16 juillet 2015)

• NM EN 61131-2, NM EN 61000-6-4, NM EN 61000-6-2

User's Manual Pub. 0300246-03 Rev. A0

_

 $^{^{\}rm 8}$ Conducted Immunity frequency range may be 150 kHz to 30 MHz if the Radiated Immunity frequency range is 30 MHz to 2700 MHz.

Output Specifications

Specification	Description				
Accuracy - Voltage Outputs	System accuracy at 25 °C: ±20 mV maximum System accuracy at -20-60 °C: ±50 mV maximum				
Accuracy - Current Outputs	System accuracy at 25 °C: ±0 uA maximum System accuracy at -20-60 °C: ±75 uA maximum				
Output Resolution (at 25°C)	In RAW mode				
Voltage Output	400 μV per bit average when using RAW format in ±10 V range and 0-10 V range				
	185 μV per bit average when using RAW format in 0-5 or 1-5 V ranges				
Current Output	380 nA per bit when using RAW format for all current ranges				
Differential Nonlinearity	±1 LSB				
Output Ripple	<15 mV ripple for voltage or current				
Output Impedance	Current: >1 Mohm, Voltage: <1 ohm				
Output Load	Current: 0 ohm min, 500 ohm max, Voltage: >=1 kohm at 10 V output (10 mA), includes wire resistance.				
Maximum Output Inductive and Capacitive Load	0.1 mH 1 μF				
Output Settling Time	<1ms to 63% of full scale				
Output Channel glitch	Current mode = $< \pm 1$ V for 20 ms at maximum load Voltage mode = $< \pm 0.4$ V for 20 ms and $< \pm -1$ V for 1.5 ms with 1 k ohm load				
Output Protection	±24 V at 25 °C for 1 minute on any channel, with any range and value				
Short Circuit Protection	Yes, continuous. (IEC 1131-2 requirement) with any range and value				

Index

Addressing · 3-4, 3-8, 3-10 block diagram · 1-4 Configuration · 3-4 Conventions

used in the manual \cdot v Data Format · 1-2 Door Label · 2-9 EMC Directive · 2-1 Grounding · 2-7

Hazardous Location \cdot 2-2 Input Data · 3-8

LED · 1-3, 2-10 Memory Map · 3-1 Mounting

DIN · 2-4 Panel · 2-5 Noise · 2-3, 2-7 Output Type · 1-1 Power Requirements · 2-1 power-up · 1-3 Slot number · 3-4 Slot Number · 3-8 Spacing Minimum · 2-4 Technical support

contact information \cdot iv

Wiring Diagram \cdot 2-8



©2009 to 2025, Spectrum Controls, Inc. All rights reserved. Specifications subject to change without notice. All product names, logos, brands, trademarks and registered trademarks are property of their respective owners.

Corporate Headquarters

Spectrum Controls Inc. 1705 132nd Ave NE, Bellevue, WA 98005

Fax: 425-641-9473 **Tel: 425-746-9481**

Web Site: www.spectrumcontrols.com E-mail: spectrum@spectrumcontrols.com

