1762 8 Channel
Analog Output Module

Catalog Number: 1762sc-OF8
Important Notes

1. Please read all the information in this owner’s guide before installing the product.
2. The information in this owner's guide applies to hardware Series A and firmware version 1.00 or later.
3. This guide assumes that the reader has a full working knowledge of the relevant processor.

Notice

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Table of Contents

IMPORTANT NOTES ........................................................................................................................ II

NOTICE ........................................................................................................................................ II

LIMITED WARRANTY ................................................................................................................ III

CHAPTER 1 MODULE OVERVIEW .......................................................................................... 1-1

Section 1.1 General Description .............................................................................................. 1-1
Section 1.2 Input Types and Ranges ..................................................................................... 1-1
Section 1.3 Data Formats .......................................................................................................... 1-1
Section 1.4 Hardware Features ............................................................................................... 1-2
  1.4.1 LED Indicator ............................................................................................................... 1-2

Section 1.5 System Overview .................................................................................................. 1-3
  1.5.1 Module Power-up ......................................................................................................... 1-3
  1.5.2 Module Operation ........................................................................................................ 1-4

CHAPTER 2 INSTALLATION AND WIRING ............................................................................. 2-1

Section 2.1 Compliance to European Union Directives ......................................................... 2-1
  2.1.1 EMC Directive ........................................................................................................... 2-1
  2.1.2 Low Voltage Directive .............................................................................................. 2-1

Section 2.2 Power Requirements ........................................................................................... 2-2

Section 2.3 General Considerations ...................................................................................... 2-2
  2.3.1 Hazardous Location Considerations ......................................................................... 2-2
  2.3.2 Prevent Electrostatic Discharge ................................................................................ 2-3
  2.3.3 Remove Power ........................................................................................................... 2-3
  2.3.4 Selecting a Location ................................................................................................... 2-3

Section 2.4 Mounting ............................................................................................................... 2-3
  2.4.1 Minimum Spacing ..................................................................................................... 2-4
  2.4.2 DIN Rail Mounting .................................................................................................... 2-4
  2.4.3 Panel Mounting .......................................................................................................... 2-5

Section 2.5 System Assembly .................................................................................................. 2-5

Section 2.6 Field Wiring Connections .................................................................................... 2-6
  2.6.1 Wiring Diagram ......................................................................................................... 2-7
  2.6.2 Wiring the Finger-Safe Terminal Block ..................................................................... 2-9
  2.6.3 Terminal Door Label ................................................................................................. 2-9

Section 2.7 Module Indicators ............................................................................................... 2-10

CHAPTER 3 CONFIGURING THE 1762SC-OF8 USING RSLOGIX 500 ............................... 3-1

Section 3.1 Things You Should Know .................................................................................... 3-1

Section 3.2 Module Memory Map .......................................................................................... 3-1

Section 3.3 Add Module to Logix 500 .................................................................................. 3-2

Section 3.4 Module Configuration ........................................................................................ 3-3
  3.4.1 Output Data File (Command Mode) .......................................................................... 3-4
  3.4.2 Output Data File (Normal Run Mode) ...................................................................... 3-7

Section 3.5 Module Status ..................................................................................................... 3-7
  3.5.1 Input Data File (Command Mode) ............................................................................ 3-7
  3.5.2 Input Data File (Normal Run Mode) ........................................................................ 3-9

Section 3.6 Configuration Ladder Sample ............................................................................ 3-10

APPENDIX A MODULE SPECIFICATIONS ............................................................................ A-1
Read this preface to familiarize yourself with the rest of the manual. This preface covers the following topics:

- Who should use this manual
- How to use this manual
- Related publications
- Conventions used in this manual
- Rockwell Automation support

Who Should Use This Manual

Use this manual if you are responsible for designing, installing, programming, or troubleshooting control systems that use Allen-Bradley I/O and/or compatible controllers, such as MicroLogix 1100 or 1200.

How to Use This Manual

As much as possible, we organized this manual to explain, in a task-by-task manner, how to install, configure, program, operate and troubleshoot a control system using the 1762sc-OF8.

Related Documentation

The table below provides a listing of publications that contain important information about Allen-Bradley PLC systems.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document Title</th>
<th>Document Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MicroLogix™ 1200 User Manual</td>
<td>1762-UM001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroLogix™ 1200 Technical Data</td>
<td>1762-TD001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MicroLogix 1200 and MicroLogix 1500 Programmable Controllers Instruction Set Reference Manual</td>
<td>1762-RM001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allen-Bradley Programmable Controller Grounding and Wiring Guidelines</td>
<td>1770-4.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you would like a manual, you can:

- Download a free electronic version from the internet at www.theautomationbookstore.com
- Purchase a printed manual by:
  - Contacting your local distributor or Rockwell Automation representative
  - Visiting www.theautomationbookstore.com and placing your order
  - Calling 1.800.963.9548 (USA/Canada) or 001.330.725.1574 (Outside USA/Canada)
Conventions
Used in This Manual

The following conventions are used throughout this manual:

- Bulleted lists (like this one) provide information not procedural steps.
- Numbered lists provide sequential steps or hierarchical information.
- *Italic* type is used for emphasis.
- **Bold** type identifies headings and sub-headings.
- 🚨 **Attention** are used to identify critical information to the reader.
Chapter 1
Module Overview

This chapter describes the 1762sc-OF8 output module. The module provides 8 analog output channels that can be configured for current or voltage. Included is information about:

- General description
- Output types and ranges
- Data Formats
- Hardware Features
- System overview and module operation

Section 1.1
General Description

The output module supports current and voltage type outputs. The module converts the digital value stored in each channel’s output command word to an analog current or voltage signal. Each output channel is individually configured via software for a specific output type, data format, and provides open-circuit or short-circuit detection and indication.

Section 1.2
Input Types and Ranges

The tables below list the output types and their associated ranges.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage Selection</th>
<th>Range (V dc)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-10V to +10V</td>
<td>-11.0 to +11.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to +5V</td>
<td>0.0 to 5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to +10V</td>
<td>0.0 to +11.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 to +5V</td>
<td>0.0 to +5.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Selection</th>
<th>Range (mA)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 20mA</td>
<td>0 to 20.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 20mA</td>
<td>3.92 to 20.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 1.3
Data Formats

For each module the data can be configured for:

- Engineering units
- Scaled-for-PID
- Raw/proportional data
- Percent of full range
Section 1.4
Hardware Features

Module configuration is done via the controller’s programming software. The module configuration is stored in the memory of the controller. Refer to your controller’s user manual for more information. The illustration below shows the module’s hardware features.

**Figure 1-1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1a</td>
<td>Upper panel mounting tab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1b</td>
<td>Lower panel mounting tab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Power diagnostic LED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Module door with terminal identification label</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Bus connector (male)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Bus connector cover</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Flat ribbon cable with bus connector (female)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Terminal block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>DIN rail latch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Pull loop</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1.4.1 LED Indicator**

The 1762 output module uses a single green LED to show operational status of the module. The LED will illuminate solid when the PLC is in run mode and the module properly configured. If the module is not properly configured, or if the PLC is not in run mode, the LED will blink rapidly. The following blink codes are the only exception:
Table 1-1 (LED Blink Codes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Blink Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rapid Blink*</td>
<td>PLC not in run mode, or no valid module configuration present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solid</td>
<td>Module is in run mode (Normal Operation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Factory calibration in progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Factory calibration invalid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Module is in command mode</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 1.5  
System Overview

The module communicates to the controller through the bus interface. The module also receives 5 and 24V dc power through the bus interface.

1.5.1 Module Power-up

At power-up, the module performs a check of its internal circuits, memory, and basic functions. During this time, the module status LED remains off. If no faults are found during power-up diagnostics, the module status LED blinks rapidly waiting for command mode.

After power-up checks are complete, the module waits for command mode and then valid channel configuration data. If an invalid configuration is detected, the module generates a configuration error and remains in command mode. Once the module is properly configured and enabled, it continuously converts the output command value to a proportional analog output signal.

Each time a channel command value is read by the output module, that data value is tested by the module for an over-range or under-range condition. If such a condition is detected, a unique bit is set in the channel status word. The channel status word is described in section 3.5.2 Input Data File.

Using the module image table, the controller reads the two’s complement binary converted input data from the module. This typically occurs at the end of the program scan or when commanded by the control program. If the controller and the module determine that the data transfer has been made without error, the data is used in the control program.

\* All outputs are disabled until the PLC goes into run mode and the module receives a valid configuration.
1.5.2 Module Operation

When the module receives a new command value from the output image, the module’s circuitry converts the digital value to an analog current/voltage signal using a DAC (Digital to Analog Converter). See the block diagram below.
Chapter 2
Installation and Wiring

This chapter will cover:

- Compliance to European union directives
- Power requirements
- General considerations
- Mounting
- Field wiring connections
- Module Indicators

Section 2.1
Compliance to European Union Directives

This product is approved for installation within the European Union and EEA regions. It has been designed and tested to meet the following directives.

2.1.1 EMC Directive
The 1762sc-OF8 module is tested to meet Council Directive 89/336/EEC Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) and the following standards, in whole or in part, documented in a technical construction file:

- IEC 61000-6-4 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial environments
- IEC 61000-6-2 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-2: Generic standards – Immunity for industrial environments

This product is intended for use in an industrial environment.

2.1.2 Low Voltage Directive
This product is tested to meet Council Directive 73/23/EEC Low Voltage, by applying the safety requirements of EN 61131-2Programmable Controllers, Part 2 – Equipment Requirements and Tests. For specific information required by EN61131-2, see the appropriate sections in this publication, as well as the following Allen-Bradley publications:

- Industrial Automation, Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Noise Immunity, publication 1770-4.1
- Automation Systems Catalog, publication B113

Section 2.2
Power Requirements

The module receives power through the bus interface from the +5V dc/+24V dc system power supply. The maximum current drawn by the module is shown in the table below.
5 VDC | 24 VDC
30 mA | 250 mA @ 18.7V, 195mA @ 24V

Use the table below to determine the maximum number of OF8 modules that can be installed in a MicroLogix system.

Table 2-1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Controller</th>
<th>Max 5V Bus Current (mA)</th>
<th>Max 24V Bus Current (mA)</th>
<th>Max # of OF8 Modules</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ML1100</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML1200 (24pt.)</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML1200 (40pt.)</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML1400 (ALL)</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 2.3
General Considerations

1762 I/O is suitable for use in an industrial environment when installed in accordance with these instructions. Specifically, this equipment is intended for use in clean, dry environments Pollution degree 2^2 and to circuits not exceeding Over Voltage Category II^3 (IEC 60664-1)^4.

2.3.1 Hazardous Location Considerations

This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D or non-hazardous locations only. The following WARNING statement applies to use in hazardous locations.

---

EXPLOSION HAZARD

- Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.
- Do not replace components or disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.
- Do not connect or disconnect components unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.
- This product must be installed in an enclosure.
- All wiring must comply with N.E.C. article 501-4(b).

---

^2 Pollution Degree 2 is an environment where, normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs except that occasionally a temporary conductivity caused by condensation shall be expected.

^3 Over Voltage Category II is the load level section of the electrical distribution system. At this level transient voltages are controlled and do not exceed the impulse voltage capability of the product’s insulation.

^4 Pollution Degree 2 and Over Voltage Category II are International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) designations.
2.3.2 Prevent Electrostatic Discharge

Electrostatic discharges can damage integrated circuits or semiconductors if you touch analog I/O module bus connector pins or the terminal block on the input module. Follow these guidelines when you handle the module:

- Touch a grounded object to discharge static potential.
- Wear an approved wrist-strap grounding device.
- Do not touch the bus connector or connector pins.
- Do not touch circuit components inside the module.
- If available, use a static-safe work station.
- When it is not in use, keep the module in its static-shield bag.

2.3.3 Remove Power

Remove power before removing or inserting this module. When you remove or insert a module with power applied, an electrical arc may occur. An electrical arc can cause personal injury or property damage by:

- Sending an erroneous signal to your system’s field devices, causing unintended machine motion
- Causing an explosion in a hazardous environment

Electrical arcing causes excessive wear to contacts on both the module and its mating connector and may lead to premature failure.

2.3.4 Selecting a Location

Reducing Noise

Most applications require installation in an industrial enclosure to reduce the effects of electrical interference. Analog inputs are highly susceptible to electrical noise. Electrical noise coupled to the analog inputs will reduce the performance (accuracy) of the module. Group your modules to minimize adverse effects from radiated electrical noise and heat.

Consider the following conditions when selecting a location for the analog module.

Position the module:

- Away from sources of electrical noise such as hard-contact switches, relays, and AC motor drives
- Away from modules which generate significant radiated heat. Refer to the module’s heat dissipation specification.

In addition, route shielded, twisted-pair analog input wiring away from any high voltage I/O wiring.

Section 2.4

Mounting

Do not remove protective debris strip until after the module and all other equipment near the module is mounted and wiring is complete. Once wiring is complete and the module is free of debris, carefully remove protective debris strip. Failure to remove strip before operating can cause overheating.
2.4.1 Minimum Spacing

Maintain spacing from enclosure walls, wireways, adjacent equipment, etc. Allow 50.8 mm (2 in.) of space on all sides for adequate ventilation, as shown:

**Figure 2-1**

![Diagram showing minimum spacing requirements for MicroLogix 1200 IO 8 Ch Output Module]

**Note:** 1762 expansion I/O may be mounted horizontally only.

!!! Attention

During panel or DIN rail mounting of all devices, be sure that all debris (metal chips, wire strands, etc.) is kept from falling into the module. Debris that falls into the module could cause damage when power is applied to the module.

2.4.2 DIN Rail Mounting

The module can be mounted using the following DIN rails: 35 x 7.5 mm (EN 50 022 - 35 x 7.5) or 35 x 15 mm (EN 50 022 - 35 x 15).

Before mounting the module on a DIN rail, close the DIN rail latch. Press the DIN rail mounting area of the module against the DIN rail. The latch will momentarily open and lock into place.

Use DIN rail end anchors (Allen-Bradley part number 1492-EA35 or 1492-EAH35) for environments with vibration or shock concerns.
Figure 2-2

End Anchor

End Anchor

Note: For environments with extreme vibration and shock concerns, use the panel mounting method described below, instead of DIN rail mounting.

2.4.3 Panel Mounting

Use the dimensional template shown below to mount the module. The preferred mounting method is to use two M4 or #8 Pan Head screws per module. M3.5 or #6 Pan Head screws may also be used, but a washer may be needed to ensure a good ground contact. Mounting screws are required on every module.

Figure 2-3

For more than 2 modules: (number of modules - 1) x 40.4 mm (1.59 in.)

Section 2.5
System Assembly

The expansion I/O module is attached to the controller or another I/O module by means of a ribbon cable after mounting as shown below.
Figure 2-4

**EXPLOSION HAZARD**

- In Class I, Division 2 applications, the bus connector must be fully seated and the bus connector cover must be snapped in place.
- In Class I, Division 2 applications, all modules must be mounted in direct contact with each other as shown on page 2-4. If DIN rail mounting is used, an end stop must be installed ahead of the controller and after the last 1762 I/O module.

---

**Section 2.6 Field Wiring Connections**

Consider the following when wiring your system:

**General**

- Power and output wiring must be in accordance with Class 1, Division 2 wiring methods, Article 501-4(b) of the National Electric Code, NFPA 70, and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.
- The analog common (COM) is not connected to earth ground inside the module. All terminals are electrically isolated from the system.
- To ensure optimum accuracy for voltage type outputs, limit overall cable impedance by keeping all analog cables as short as possible. Locate the I/O system as close to your voltage type sensors or actuators as possible.
- Digital and analog power must be supplied by an Isolated Secondary Limited Energy Low Voltage source.
- Use Belden™ 8761, or equivalent, shielded wire.
Attention

**USE SUPPLY WIRES SUITABLE FOR 20°C ABOVE SURROUNDING AMBIENT**

**Attention**

**UTILISER DES FILS D’ALIMENTATION QUI CONVIENNENT À UNE TEMPERATURE DE 20°C AU-DESSUS DE LA TEMPERATURE AMBIANTE**

*Grounding*

- This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface such as a metal panel. Additional grounding connections from the module’s mounting tabs or DIN rail (if used) are not required unless the mounting surface cannot be grounded.

- Under normal conditions, the drain wire (shield) should be connected to the metal mounting panel (earth ground). Keep shield connection to earth ground as short as possible.

- Ground the shield drain wire at one end only. The typical location is as at the module end.

- If it is necessary to connect the shield drain wire at the module end, connect it to earth ground using a panel or DIN rail mounting screw.

- Refer to Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, Allen-Bradley publication 1770-4.1, for additional information.

*Noise Prevention*

- Route field wiring away from any other wiring and as far as possible from sources of electrical noise, such as motors, transformers, contactors, and ac devices. As a general rule, allow at least 15.2 cm (6 in.) of separation for every 120V of power.

- Routing field wiring in a grounded conduit can reduce electrical noise.

- If field wiring must cross ac or power cables, ensure that they cross at right angles.

- If noise persists for a device, try grounding the opposite end of the cable shield or ground both ends of the shield.

### 2.6.1 Wiring Diagram

Refer to the following wiring diagrams for field wiring connections.

**Figure 2-5 (Wiring Diagram)**
Note: All return terminals are electrically tied together, but each output should use its own associated return terminal for best accuracy.
2.6.2 Wiring the Finger-Safe Terminal Block

Attention

Be careful when stripping wires. Wire fragments that fall into a module could cause damage when power is applied. Once wiring is complete, ensure the module is free of all metal fragments.

When wiring the terminal block, keep the finger-safe cover in place.

1) Refer to section 2.6.1 for proper field wiring connections.
2) Route the wire under the terminal pressure plate. You can use the stripped end of the wire or a spade lug. The terminals will accept a 6.35 mm (0.25 in.) spade lug. See Figure 2-6.
3) Tighten the terminal screw making sure the pressure plate secures the wire. Recommended torque when tightening terminal screws is 0.904 Nm (8 in-lbs).
4) After wiring is complete, remove the debris shield.

2.6.3 Terminal Door Label

A removable, write-on label is provided with the module. Remove the label from the door, mark your unique identification of each terminal with permanent ink, and slide the label back into the door. Your markings (ID tag) will be visible when the module door is closed. See figure below.
Section 2.7
Module Indicators

The 1762 output module uses a single green LED to show operational status of the module. The LED will illuminate solid when the PLC is in run mode and the module properly configured. If the module is not properly configured, or if the PLC is not in run mode, the LED will blink rapidly. The following blink codes are the only exception:

Table 2-2 (LED Blink Codes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Blink Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rapid Blink</td>
<td>PLC not in run mode, or no valid module configuration present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solid</td>
<td>Module is in run mode (Normal Operation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Factory calibration in progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Factory calibration invalid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Module is in command mode</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 All outputs are disabled until the PLC goes into run mode and the module receives a valid configuration.
Chapter 3
Configuring the 1762sc-OF8 Using RSLogix 500

This chapter covers the following subjects:
- Things you should know
- Module memory map
- Add module to Logix 500
- Module configuration
- Module status
- Configuration Ladder Sample

Section 3.1
Things You Should Know

This chapter describes how to configure the OF8 module for the MicroLogix 1100, 1200 and 1400 system using RSLogix 500 programming software.

Section 3.2
Module Memory Map

The module uses 8 input words and 8 output words for input data and configuration. The following figure describes the data mapping for the module.

Figure 3-1 (Module Memory Map)
Section 3.3
Add Module
to Logix 500

The following procedure describes how to add the OF8 module to the RSLogix 500 programming software.

1.) Create a new RSLogix 500 project and select either a Micro 1100, 1200, or 1400 processor.

2.) Double-click “I/O Configuration” from the project tree.

3.) Select the first empty slot and then double-click the “Other—Requires I/O Card Type ID” option, from the I/O configuration screen.

4.) Enter the module profile data as shown in the figure below and click “OK”.

![Image of I/O Configuration screen]

5.) Repeat steps 1 through 4 for additional modules.

Section 3.4  
Module Configuration

The OF8 module is configured using a process that employs the input and output files. The following flow chart describes the configuration process.

Note: Each command issued will have a corresponding module response in the input data file. See Section 3.5.1 for more information.

Note: For proper operation, during the 600 ms delay, the output words should be set to the correct command values to avoid sending erroneous analog signals.
### 3.4.1 Output Data File (Command Mode)

The output data file is used to configure each channel for the OF8 as well as control the output signal of each channel. Use the addressing scheme below to locate the 8 output words needed to configure the module.

#### Figure 3-2 (Output Addressing Scheme)

(1) I/O located on the controller (embedded I/O) is slot 0. I/O added to the controller (expansion I/O) begins with slot 1.

The module enters a special mode called Command Mode when the PLC transitions from Program mode to Run mode. When the module enters Command Mode, the output file is used to send commands to the module and the module responds via the input data file. The table below shows the layout for each output word during both modes of operation. See Table 3-6 for command mode response data.

#### Table 3-1 (Normal Mode/Command Mode)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output Word</th>
<th>Normal Run Mode</th>
<th>Command Mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O:e.0</td>
<td>Channel 0 Data Word</td>
<td>Command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O:e.1</td>
<td>Channel 1 Data Word</td>
<td>Data Word 1 (Ch0 &amp; 1)⁶</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O:e.2</td>
<td>Channel 2 Data Word</td>
<td>Data Word 2 (Ch2 &amp; 3)⁶</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O:e.3</td>
<td>Channel 3 Data Word</td>
<td>Data Word 3 (Ch4 &amp; 5)⁶</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O:e.4</td>
<td>Channel 4 Data Word</td>
<td>Data Word 4 (Ch6 &amp; 7)⁶</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O:e.5</td>
<td>Channel 5 Data Word</td>
<td>Fixed Word 1 (0xCDEF)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O:e.6</td>
<td>Channel 6 Data Word</td>
<td>Fixed Word 2 (0xFEDC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O:e.7</td>
<td>Channel 7 Data Word</td>
<td>Fixed Word 3 (0xA5A)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once the module detects the transition from Program to Run it waits until the Fixed Words and Command code are set to valid values. The first command must be Unlock. If an error is detected, a non-zero response will be placed in the Response Code (see Input Data File table).

Keep in mind the module is constantly polling the output file as it is updated by the controller. The module will validate each command using the following three step process:

1) **Validate Fixed Words 1-3:**
   These words must always be valid during Command Mode. An error will be posted in the Response Code until these are correct. Commands will not be validated and processed until these words are set correctly. The fixed words are posted above in Table 3-1.

⁶ See Table 3-3 (Data Words 1 through 4)
2) **Validate Command:**
   If the Fixed Words are valid, the Command word will be checked. If it is not set to a valid command, an error will be reported. Initially the module only checks for the Unlock command. After the Unlock command is detected, the module must detect a transition in the Command word to trigger a new command. The available commands are listed in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 3-2 (Commands)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clear Command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load Config</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3) **Data Words 1-4:**
   If the command requires valid data in the Data Words, they are validated and a response is placed in the Response Code register (i.e. Word 1:e.1). See section 3.5.1 for a description of each response code.

The following table lists the possible configuration settings for each of the 8 channels. Each Data Word contains two channel configurations. See Table 3-1 for Data Word layout.
### Table 3-3 (Data Words 1 through 4)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>To Select</th>
<th>Channels 1, 3, 5, or 7</th>
<th>Channels 0, 2, 4 or 6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Output Type</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 20 mA</td>
<td>0 0 0</td>
<td>0 0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 20 mA</td>
<td>0 0 1</td>
<td>0 0 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-10 to 10 V</td>
<td>0 1 0</td>
<td>0 1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 10 V</td>
<td>0 1 1</td>
<td>0 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 to 5 V</td>
<td>1 0 0</td>
<td>1 0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 5 V</td>
<td>1 0 1</td>
<td>1 0 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>1 1 0</td>
<td>1 1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Disabled</td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Data Format</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scaled for PID</td>
<td>0 0</td>
<td>0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineering Units</td>
<td>0 1</td>
<td>0 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent Range</td>
<td>1 0</td>
<td>1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raw/Proportional Data</td>
<td>1 1</td>
<td>1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unused</td>
<td>0 0 0</td>
<td>0 0 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3-4 (Data Format)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output Range</th>
<th>Output Value</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Raw/Prop</th>
<th>EU</th>
<th>PID</th>
<th>% FS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4..20mA</td>
<td>20.40 mA</td>
<td>High Limit</td>
<td>32767</td>
<td>20400</td>
<td>16793</td>
<td>10250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20.00 mA</td>
<td>High Range</td>
<td>31176</td>
<td>20000</td>
<td>16383</td>
<td>10000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.00 mA</td>
<td>Low Range</td>
<td>-32450</td>
<td>4000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.92 mA</td>
<td>Low Limit</td>
<td>-32768</td>
<td>3920</td>
<td>-82</td>
<td>-50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0..20mA</td>
<td>20.40 mA</td>
<td>High Limit</td>
<td>32767</td>
<td>20400</td>
<td>16711</td>
<td>10200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20.00 mA</td>
<td>High Range</td>
<td>31482</td>
<td>20000</td>
<td>16383</td>
<td>10000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 mA</td>
<td>Low Limit/Range</td>
<td>-32768</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+/-10V</td>
<td>11.00 V dc</td>
<td>High Limit</td>
<td>32767</td>
<td>11000</td>
<td>17202</td>
<td>11000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10.00 V dc</td>
<td>High Range</td>
<td>29788</td>
<td>10000</td>
<td>16383</td>
<td>10000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-10.00 V dc</td>
<td>Low Range</td>
<td>-29788</td>
<td>-10000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>-10000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-11.00 V dc</td>
<td>Low Limit</td>
<td>-32768</td>
<td>-11000</td>
<td>-819</td>
<td>-11000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 5V</td>
<td>5.50 V dc</td>
<td>High Limit</td>
<td>32767</td>
<td>5500</td>
<td>18021</td>
<td>11000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.00 V dc</td>
<td>High Range</td>
<td>26809</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>16383</td>
<td>10000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 V dc</td>
<td>Low Range</td>
<td>-32768</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 V dc</td>
<td>Low Limit</td>
<td>-32768</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 10V</td>
<td>11.00 V dc</td>
<td>High Limit</td>
<td>32767</td>
<td>11000</td>
<td>18021</td>
<td>11000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10.00 V dc</td>
<td>High Range</td>
<td>26809</td>
<td>10000</td>
<td>16383</td>
<td>10000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 V dc</td>
<td>Low Range</td>
<td>-32768</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 V dc</td>
<td>Low Limit</td>
<td>-32768</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 to 5V</td>
<td>5.50 V dc</td>
<td>High Limit</td>
<td>32767</td>
<td>5500</td>
<td>18431</td>
<td>11250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.00 V dc</td>
<td>High Range</td>
<td>26809</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>16383</td>
<td>10000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.00 V dc</td>
<td>Low Range</td>
<td>-20853</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 V dc</td>
<td>Low Limit</td>
<td>-32768</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>-4096</td>
<td>-2500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.4.2 Output Data File (Normal Run Mode)

The output data file is used to configure each channel for the OF8 as well as control the output signal of each channel. Use the addressing scheme shown in Figure 3-2 above. In normal run mode, output words 0 through 7 control the analog output signal for channels 0 through 7 respectively. See Table 3-1 above.

### Section 3.5 Module Status

Input data for the OF8 consists of status information, channel configuration information and module configuration status.

### 3.5.1 Input Data File (Command Mode)

In command mode, the input data file returns module configuration status used during the configuration process. Refer to section 3.4.1 for more information regarding command mode. Use the addressing scheme below to locate the 8 input words.
Figure 3-3 (Input Addressing Scheme)

(1) I/O located on the controller (embedded I/O) is slot 0. I/O added to the controller (expansion I/O) begins with slot 1.

The layout for the input data file is shown below.

Table 3-5 (Input Data File)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input Word</th>
<th>Normal Run Mode</th>
<th>Command Mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I:e.0</td>
<td>General Status Word 0</td>
<td>Command Echo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I:e.1</td>
<td>Output Status Word 1 (ch 0-3)</td>
<td>Response Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I:e.2</td>
<td>Output Status Word 2 (ch 4-7)</td>
<td>Response Channel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I:e.3</td>
<td>Echo Config (ch 0-1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I:e.4</td>
<td>Echo Config (ch 2-3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I:e.5</td>
<td>Echo Config (ch 4-5)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I:e.6</td>
<td>Echo Config (ch 6-7)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I:e.7</td>
<td>Not Used</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following table describes each of the input data words when in command mode.

Table 3-6 (Input Words - Command Mode)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Command Echo (Word 0)</td>
<td>Matches Command Word 0 (i.e. O:e.0). When this word matches the Command Word, it indicates the command is complete. The Response Code is now valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response Code (Word 1)</td>
<td>Non-zero is an error (see Response Codes). This is valid only when Command Echo matches Command Word.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response Channel (Word 2)</td>
<td>If Response Code error, indicates which channel. Only applies to commands that involve channels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echo of Data (Word 1)</td>
<td>Chan 1 Config</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echo of Data (Word 2)</td>
<td>Chan 3 Config</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echo of Data (Word 3)</td>
<td>Chan 5 Config</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echo of Data (Word 4)</td>
<td>Chan 7 Config</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Used (Word 7)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3-7 (Response Codes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Success</td>
<td>0x0000</td>
<td>The command was completed successfully.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invalid Command</td>
<td>0xF001</td>
<td>An invalid command code was issued.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locked</td>
<td>0xF002</td>
<td>A command was issued before the Unlock was given.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invalid State</td>
<td>0xF003</td>
<td>One or more Fixed Words invalid. The module will remain in its previous state until all of the words are set correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invalid Config</td>
<td>0xF004</td>
<td>A configuration for one of the channels is invalid. Check Response Channel to determine which one. First error detected is displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Config</td>
<td>0xF005</td>
<td>An attempt was made to exit Command Mode before a configuration was loaded. Either load the default config or manually enter a configuration for all channels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invalid Cal</td>
<td>0xF006</td>
<td>Calibration is invalid. Module requires factory calibration before it can be configured.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: Response codes are not be considered valid until the Command Echo matches the issued command.*

*Note: Response codes will remain valid after the Exit command until the timeout expires. After that, normal Input File operation takes over. Words 0-2 are status.*

### 3.5.2 Input Data File (Normal Run Mode)

In normal run mode, the input data file displays general module status, channel status and an echo of each channel configuration.

Use the addressing scheme in Figure 3-3 to locate the 8 input words.
Table 3-8 (Input Words - Normal Run Mode)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Bit</th>
<th>15</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>13</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>11</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>9</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>S7</th>
<th>S6</th>
<th>S5</th>
<th>S4</th>
<th>S3</th>
<th>S2</th>
<th>S1</th>
<th>S0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Status</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Status</td>
<td></td>
<td>LD3</td>
<td>U3</td>
<td>O3</td>
<td>LD2</td>
<td>U2</td>
<td>O2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>LD1</td>
<td>U1</td>
<td>O1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>LD0</td>
<td>U0</td>
<td>O0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Status</td>
<td></td>
<td>LD7</td>
<td>U7</td>
<td>O7</td>
<td>LD6</td>
<td>U6</td>
<td>O6</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>LD5</td>
<td>U5</td>
<td>O5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>LD4</td>
<td>U4</td>
<td>O4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echo Config (Word 3)</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echo Config (Word 4)</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echo Config (Word 5)</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echo Config (Word 6)</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Used (Word 7)</td>
<td></td>
<td>0x0000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- = Not used. Bit set to 0.
S<x> = General status bit.
If a bit is set (1) then there is an error associated with that channel (i.e. under/over range).
U<x> = Under range flag.
When set to 1, indicates the output word value set by the user is below the defined Low Range value (see Output Data Format table). The channel will output voltage or current (depending on the range type) to the Low Limit value.
O<x> = Over range flag.
When set to 1, indicates the output word value set by the user is above the defined High Range value (see Output Data Format table). The channel will output voltage or current (depending on the range type) up to the High Limit value.
LD<x> = Load Error. If the channel is configured for voltage mode, this bit indicates a short circuit. If the channel is configured for current mode, open circuit is indicated. The error bit is cleared (0) at the time the condition is cleared.

Section 3.6
Configuration
Ladder Sample

The following ladder sample demonstrates how to configure the module when the PLC transitions from Program to Run, using the process described in Section 3.4.

⚠️ Use the “Command” bit (B3:0/0) in the following ladder sample as a condition before any instruction that writes data to one of the 8 module output words. Failure to do so can result in the module rejecting the configuration and not going into run mode (i.e. a rapid blinking module status LED).

7 See Table 3-3 (Data Words 1 through 4)
The following rung enables the command mode logic to configure the module.

First Pass

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S:1</th>
<th>B3:0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following rung issues the "unlock command" (F6F0 Hex) and sets the three fixed word values (i.e. CDEF, PEDC and 5A5A Hex.).

Note: The hexadecimal constants were converted to decimal by RSLogix 500.

```
Move
Source   : -16  
Dest     : 0   10

Move
Source   : -12817  
Dest     : 0   1.5

Move
Source   : -252  
Dest     : 0   1.6

Move
Source   : 23130  
Dest     : 0   1.7
```
The following rung configures each of the 8 channels for 4 to 20 mA and engineering units.

Note: The hexadecimal constants were converted to decimal by RSLogix 500.
Chapter 3: Configuring the 1762sc-OF8 for RSLogix 500

The following rung issues the “exit” command (FF80 Hex.).

Note: The hexadecimal constants were converted to decimal by RSLogix 500.

The following rung disables the load command logic and sets the output signal for each channel to 4 mA.

Note: The hexadecimal constants were converted to decimal by RSLogix 500.
Appendix A
Module Specifications

General Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions</td>
<td>90 mm (height) x 87 mm (depth) x 40 mm (width) height including mounting tabs is 110 mm 3.54 in. (height) x 3.43 in. (depth) x 1.58 in. (width) height including mounting tabs is 4.33 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approximate Shipping Weight (with carton)</td>
<td>279g (0.615 lbs.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage Temperature</td>
<td>-40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Temperature</td>
<td>-20°C to +60°C (-4°F to +140°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Humidity</td>
<td>5% to 95% non-condensing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Altitude</td>
<td>2000 meters (6561 feet)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vibration</td>
<td>Operating: 10 to 500 Hz, 5G, 0.030 in. max. peak-to-peak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shock</td>
<td>Operating: 30G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus Current Draw (max.)</td>
<td>30 mA at 5V dc Max 250 mA @ 18.7V, 195mA @ 24V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat Dissipation</td>
<td>4.9W Total Max</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maximum number of modules on the bus

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Controller</th>
<th>Max 5V Bus Current</th>
<th>Max 24V Bus Current</th>
<th>Max # of Modules</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ML1100</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML1200 (24pt.)</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML1200 (40pt.)</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML1400</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fusing None

Wire Size

Up to two wires of size #14-#22 AWG (solid) or #16-#22 AWG (stranded)

Wire Type

To ensure proper operation and high immunity to electrical noise, always use Belden 8761 (shielded, twisted pair) or equivalent wire for voltage and current sensors

Isolation

Channel to Rack 707 VDC for 1 minute (withstand voltage)

Channel to Channel Return lines are connected together. No isolation between channels.

Module Power LED

On: indicates power is applied and module not faulted. See Section 1.4.1 for more information.

Vendor I.D.

58

Product Type

10
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Specification</strong></th>
<th><strong>Value</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Product Code</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Agency Certification | C-UL listed (under CSA C22.2 No. 142)  
UL 508 listed  
CE compliant for all applicable directives |
| Hazardous Environment Class | Class I, Division 2, Hazardous Location, Groups A, B, C, D  
(ISA 12.12.01, C-UL under CSA C22.2 No. 213)  
Operating Temperature Code T6 |
| Radiated and Conducted Emissions | EN55011 |
| Electrical /EMC: | The module has passed testing at the following levels: |
| ESD Immunity (IEC61000-4-2) | 4 kV contact, 8 kV air, 4 kV indirect |
| Radiated Immunity (IEC61000-4-3) | 10 V/m, 80 to 1000 MHz, 80% amplitude modulation, +900 MHz keyed carrier |
| Fast Transient Burst (IEC61000-4-4) | 2 kV, 5 kHz |
| Surge Immunity (IEC61000-4-5) | 1 kV galvanic gun |
| Conducted Immunity (IEC61000-4-6) | 10V, 0.15 to 80 MHz<sup>8</sup> |

<sup>8</sup> Conducted Immunity frequency range may be 150 kHz to 30 MHz if the Radiated Immunity frequency range is 30 MHz to 2700 MHz.
### Output Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Accuracy - Voltage Outputs**| System accuracy at 25° C: ± 20 mV maximum  
                                    System accuracy at -20-60°C: ± 50 mV maximum                                                                                           |
| **Accuracy - Current Outputs**| System accuracy at 25° C: ± 50 µA maximum  
                                    System accuracy at -20-60°C: ± 75 µA maximum                                                                                         |
| **Output Resolution (at 25°C)**| In RAW mode                                                                                                                                 |
| **Voltage Output**            | 400µV per bit average when using RAW format in ±10V range and 0-10V range  
                                    185µV per bit average when using RAW format in 0-5 or 1-5V ranges                                                                             |
| **Current Output**            | 380nA per bit when using RAW format for all current ranges                                                                                   |
| **Differential Nonlinearity** | ±1 LSB                                                                                                                                 |
| **Output Ripple**             | <15mV ripple for voltage or current                                                                                                         |
| **Output Impedance**          | Current: >1 Megohm, Voltage: <1 ohm                                                                                                          |
| **Output Load**               | Current: 0 ohm min, 500 ohm max, Voltage: >=1k ohm at 10V output (10 mA), includes wire resistance.                                             |
| **Maximum Output Inductive and Capacitive Load** | 0.1mH  
                                    1µF                                                                                                                                     |
| **Output Settling Time**      | <1ms to 63% of full scale                                                                                                                   |
| **Output Channel glitch**     | Current mode = < ± 1V for 20ms at maximum load  
                                    Voltage mode = < ± 0.4V for 20ms and < ± 1V for 1.5ms with 1k ohm load                                                                  |
| **Output Protection**         | ±24V @ 25°C for 1 minute on any channel, with any range and value                                                                           |
| **Short Circuit Protection**  | Yes, continuous. (IEC 1131-2 requirement) with any range and value                                                                           |
A
Addressing · 3-4, 3-7, 3-9

B
block diagram · 1-4

C
Configuration · 3-4

D
Data Format · 1-1
Door Label · 2-9

E
EMC Directive · 2-1

G
Grounding · 2-7

H
Hazardous Location · 2-2

I
Input Data · 3-7

L
LED · 1-2, 2-10
Low Voltage Directive · 2-1

M
Memory Map · 3-1
Mounting
DIN · 2-4
Panel · 2-5

N
Noise · 2-3, 2-7

O
Output Type · 1-1

P
Power Requirements · 2-1
power-up · 1-3

S
Slot number · 3-4
Slot Number · 3-8
Spacing
Minimum · 2-4

W
Wiring Diagram · 2-7
Getting Technical Assistance

Note that your module contains electronic components which are susceptible to damage from electrostatic discharge (ESD). An electrostatic charge can accumulate on the surface of ordinary plastic wrapping or cushioning material. **In the unlikely event that the module should need to be returned to Spectrum Controls, please ensure that the unit is enclosed in approved ESD packaging (such as static-shielding / metalized bag or black conductive container).** Spectrum Controls reserves the right to void the warranty on any unit that is improperly packaged for shipment.

**RMA (Return Merchandise Authorization) form required for all product returns.**

For further information or assistance, please contact your local distributor, or call the Spectrum Controls technical Support at:

USA - 425-746-9481

Declaration of Conformity

Available upon request